X100/301

NATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS 2005 FRIDAY, 20 MAY 9.00 AM - 10.10 AM MATHEMATICS HIGHER Units 1, 2 and 3 Paper 1 (Non-calculator)

Read Carefully

- 1 Calculators may <u>NOT</u> be used in this paper.
- 2 Full credit will be given only where the solution contains appropriate working.
- 3 Answers obtained by readings from scale drawings will not receive any credit.





ALL questions should be attempted.

1. Find the equation of the line ST, where T is the point (-2, 0) and angle STO is 60°.



2. Two congruent circles, with centres A and B, touch at P. Relative to suitable axes, their equations are $x^{2} + y^{2} + 6x + 4y - 12 = 0$ and $x^{2} + y^{2} - 6x - 12y + 20 = 0.$

- (a) Find the coordinates of P.
- (b) Find the length of AB.



3. D,OABC is a pyramid. A is the point (12, 0, 0), B is (12, 6, 0) and D is (6, 3, 9).

F divides DB in the ratio 2:1.

- (a) Find the coordinates of the point F.
- (b) Express AF in component form.



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(a) Find h(x) where h(x) = g(f(x)).
(b) (i) Write down the coordinates of the minimum turning point of y = h(x).
(ii) Hence state the range of the function h.

Functions f(x) = 3x - 1 and $g(x) = x^2 + 7$ are defined on the set of real numbers.

5. Differentiate $(1 + 2 \sin x)^4$ with respect to x.

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- 6. (a) The terms of a sequence satisfy $u_{n+1} = ku_n + 5$. Find the value of k which produces a sequence with a limit of 4.
 - (b) A sequence satisfies the recurrence relation $u_{n+1} = mu_n + 5$, $u_0 = 3$.
 - (i) Express u_1 and u_2 in terms of m.
 - (ii) Given that $u_2 = 7$, find the value of *m* which produces a sequence with no limit.

7. The function f is of the form $f(x) = \log_b (x - a)$. The graph of y = f(x) is shown in the diagram.

- (a) Write down the values of a and b.
- (b) State the domain of f.



- 8. A function f is defined by the formula $f(x) = 2x^3 7x^2 + 9$ where x is a real number.
 - (a) Show that (x 3) is a factor of f(x), and hence factorise f(x) fully.
 - (b) Find the coordinates of the points where the curve with equation y = f(x) crosses the x- and y-axes.
 - (c) Find the greatest and least values of f in the interval $-2 \le x \le 2$.
- 9. If $\cos 2x = \frac{7}{25}$ and $0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$, find the exact values of $\cos x$ and $\sin x$.

Marks

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- 10. (a) Express $\sin x \sqrt{3} \cos x$ in the form $k \sin (x a)$ where k > 0 and $0 \le a \le 2\pi$. 4
 - (b) Hence, or otherwise, sketch the curve with equation $y = 3 + \sin x \sqrt{3} \cos x$ in the interval $0 \le x \le 2\pi$.
- 11. (a) A circle has centre (t, 0), t > 0, and radius 2 units.Write down the equation of the circle.
 - (b) Find the exact value of t such that the line y = 2x is a tangent to the circle.



[END OF QUESTION PAPER]

X100/303

NATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS 2005 FRIDAY, 20 MAY 10.30 AM - 12.00 NOON MATHEMATICS HIGHER Units 1, 2 and 3 Paper 2

Read Carefully

- 1 Calculators may be used in this paper.
- 2 Full credit will be given only where the solution contains appropriate working.
- 3 Answers obtained by readings from scale drawings will not receive any credit.





ALL questions should be attempted.

- 1. Find $\int \frac{4x^3 1}{x^2} dx$, $x \neq 0$.
- 2. Triangles ACD and BCD are right-angled at D with angles p and q and lengths as shown in the diagram.
 - (a) Show that the exact value of $\sin(p+q)$ is $\frac{84}{85}$.
 - (b) Calculate the exact values of:
 - (i) $\cos(p+q)$;
 - (ii) tan(p+q).
- (a) A chord joins the points A(1,0) and B(5,4) on 3. the circle as shown in the diagram. Show that the equation of the perpendicular bisector of chord AB is x + y = 5.
 - (b) The point C is the centre of this circle. The tangent at the point A on the circle has equation x + 3y = 1.

Find the equation of the radius CA.



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(ii) Find the equation of the circle.









Marks (4)

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A(23, 0, 8)

4. The sketch shows the positions of Andrew(A), Bob(B) and Tracy(T) on three hill-tops.

Relative to a suitable origin, the coordinates (in hundreds of metres) of the three people are A(23, 0, 8), B(-12, 0, 9) and T(28, -15, 7).

In the dark, Andrew and Bob locate Tracy using heat-seeking beams.

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B(-12, 0, 9)

- (a) Express the vectors TA and TB in component form.
- (b) Calculate the angle between these two beams.
- 5. The curves with equations $y = x^2$ and $y = 2x^2 - 9$ intersect at K and L as shown.

Calculate the area enclosed between the curves.

6. The diagram shows the graph of $y = \frac{24}{\sqrt{x}}$, x > 0. Find the equation of the tangent at P, where x = 4.





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7. Solve the equation $\log_4(5-x) - \log_4(3-x) = 2, x < 3$.

8. Two functions, f and g, are defined by $f(x) = k \sin 2x$ and $g(x) = \sin x$ where k > 1.

The diagram shows the graphs of y = f(x) and y = g(x) intersecting at O, A, B, C and D.

Show that, at A and C, $\cos x = \frac{1}{2k}$.



- 9. The value V (in £ million) of a cruise ship t years after launch is given by the formula $V = 252e^{-0.06335t}$.
 - (a) What was its value when launched?
 - (b) The owners decide to sell the ship once its value falls below £20 million. After how many years will it be sold?
- 10. Vectors *a* and *c* are represented by two sides of an equilateral triangle with sides of length 3 units, as shown in the diagram.

Vector \boldsymbol{b} is 2 units long and \boldsymbol{b} is perpendicular to both \boldsymbol{a} and \boldsymbol{c} .

Evaluate the scalar product $\boldsymbol{a}.(\boldsymbol{a} + \boldsymbol{b} + \boldsymbol{c})$.



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- 11. (a) Show that x = -1 is a solution of the cubic equation $x^3 + px^2 + px + 1 = 0$. 1
 - (b) Hence find the range of values of p for which all the roots of the cubic equation are real.

[END OF QUESTION PAPER]